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## TEMPERATURE PROFILES OF AIR TRANSPORTED MATERIAL (U)

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ABSTRACT. Winter flights of MAC aircraft were instrumented to determine the temperatures and temperature profiles to be expected in material during air transport. Flights in 21st Air Force C-141, C-124, and C-133 aircraft from the United States to Greenland and Europe during January are reported herein.





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#### FOREWORD

This final report covers work conducted during the winter of 1968-69 to determine typical cold weather temperatures experienced by air transported ordnance.

The work was performed under Work Request WR 1-6025 in support of AIRTASK F19.332.301.

This report has been reviewed for technical accuracy by Warren W. Oshel.

Released by CRILL MAPLES, Head Quality Assurance Division 1 October 1970 Under authority of G. W. LEONARD, Head Propulsion Development Department

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#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

The authors wish to extend thanks and appreciation to the Headquarters' personnel of the Military Airlift Command at Scott Air Force Base, Illinois; Command Post personnel of the 21st Air Force at McGuire Air Force Base, New Jersey; and the officers and men of the 438 Military Airlift Wing (MAW). Special mention should be made of the efforts of COL Krantz of the 438 MAW. His efforts and attitude contributed significantly toward successful completion of the project. Mention should also be made of CAPT Ballard of 21st Air Force Headquarters. He was assigned this unusual request from MAC Headquarters and got the project off on a successful track. His drive and ability are a credit to the Air Force.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Due to the controversy which presently exists over predictions of temperature profiles for air-transported materials, the Quality Assurance Division at the Naval Weapons Center (NWC), China Lake, Calif., was assigned the task of measuring maximum and minimum material temperatures during actual air transportation conditions. The purpose was to provide empirical data which would serve as a basis for more accurate predictions.

It was decided to weigh the measurements as heavily as possible to the cold extreme during the normal routine flights of the Military Airlift Command (MAC).

A request was made to headquarters personnel at Scott Air Force Base, Illinois for NWC personnel to measure cargo temperatures on the most northern flights scheduled during the winter of 1968-69. It was learned that they had an Army-Air Force Readiness Exercise scheduled for the period when NWC personnel would be available. These twin exercises, "Reforger" and "Crested Cap", would require the 21st Air Force, McGuire Air Force Base, New Jersey, to make many flights between the United States and Northern and North Central Europe. It was indicated that flights would be on a catch as catch can basis. The Air Force extended full cooperation to NWC personnel to see that a representative assortment of flights was made available.

Figures 1, 2, and 3 are examples of the aircraft used in this measurement sequence. Figure 1 is indicative of the MAC transport aircraft presently in use that will be used in the future. The other two are used on less than a first line basis.

#### MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

procedures used to measure cargo temperatures on the in-service Air Force MAC cargo aircraft were such that the NWC test personnel would not disturb the 21st Air Force mission schedule in any way. The program was arranged with MAC Headquarters so that the greatest share of the work load would be Navy responsibility. The NWC personnel were assigned to the cargo aircraft by MAC, Air Command Post (ACP) as air crew members to fly with the NWC instrumentation during the particular mission. The flight engineer was requested to record indicated outside air temperature, altitude, speed and position obtained from cockpit instruments every 30 minutes throughout the flight. The conversion of indicated outside air temperature to true outside air temperature is given in Appendix A.



FIG. 1. C-141.

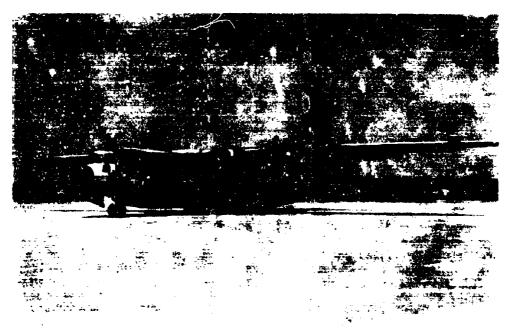


FIG. 2. C-133.

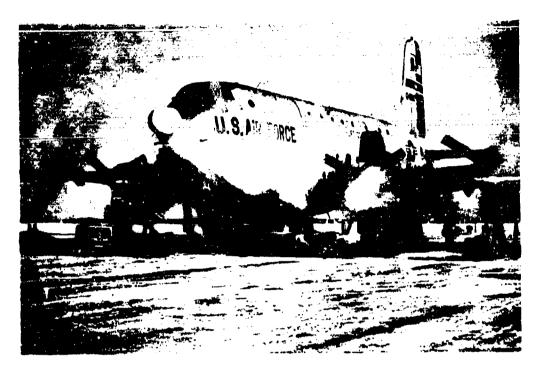


FIG. 3. C-124.

After the aircraft was loaded with cargo and ready for flight, the NWC personnel installed up to 12 thermocouple probes at various depths into the conglomeration of cargo so as to get a better idea of the thermal response of a cross section of that cargo. The probes were connected to the temperature recorder with the thermocouple extension wire. The temperature recorder periodically sampled the data during the entire time power was on the aircraft, both on the ground and during the flight.

The location of the thermocouple probes varied with each flight due to the change in cargo configuration requirements of each mission. The description of the cargo can be generalized as wooden crates, metal or cardboard boxes, or bulk filled sacks tied down to 88 x 108 inch metal pallets.

Figures 4 through 9 show the usual cargo configurations. Where possible, it was intended to send an unattended recorder on a flight between two bases where NWC technicians were located (i.e., McGuire AFB and Rein-Main, Germany). However, in actuality, only one flight turned out that way. The remainder were all accompanied.



FIG. 4. Bullpup Missile Sections.



FIG. 5. General Bulk Cargo.

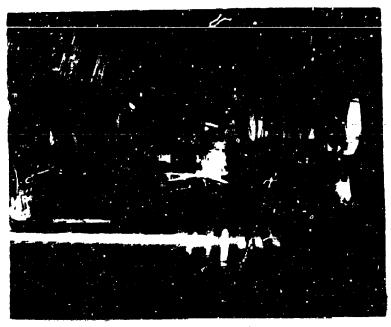


FIG. 6. Liquid Bulk Cargo.



FIG. 7. Mixed Size Miscellaneous Cargo.

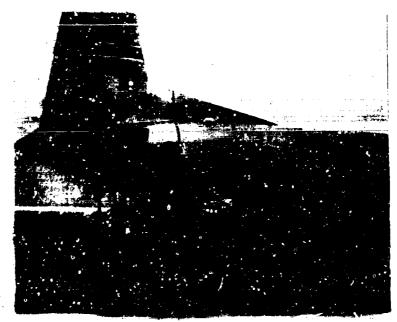


FIG. 8. Cargo on Pailets Awaiting Loading.



FIG. 9. Cargo Loader in Mating Position.

#### INSTRUMENTATION

The equipment, used to measure the cargo temperature during the flights, consisted of a 12 channel multipoint strip chart type recorder, temperature probes and copper-constantan thermocouple extension wire. The temperature probes were a copper-constantan bimetal type thermocouple element, ceramic insulated and encased in a 1/8-inch-diameter metal sheath giving the probe sufficient rigidity to penetrate the cargo bulk.

The recorder was a potentiometer type temperature measuring instrument converted and rebuilt at NWC. The basic instrument is comprised of parts from the Honeywell Model 15 and 16 instruments. The rearranging of the various parts, along with potting of electronic circuitry and conversion to aircraft power result in an instrument that has been successfully used in tactical missiles at velocities above Mach 2.0. The recorder environment on the transport type aircraft was extremely mild compared to the environmental parameters for the recorder design.

The recorder required a power source of 115 volt 60 cycle AC. Modifications including an ERA Transpac IT 2106 inverter were necessary to accommodate the variety of power sources that were conveniently accessible in the cargo compartment of the aircraft. The power sources available on the Air Force C-141, C-133, and C-124 aircraft were 115 VAC 400 cycle, 28 VAC 400 cycle, and 28 VDC. Adapting the recorder to accommodate the different power sources did not in any way degrade the operation or calibration of the measuring equipment, however, as per good measurement practice, the recorder calibration was checked before and after each flight as part of the routine.

The thermocouple extension cable was regular solid conductor copperconstantan 20 gauge lead wire. The insulation was polyvinyl chloride over each conductor. The bundle of six each was covered by a Faraday shield of aluminized Mylar which was grounded to the recorder. The shielded bundle was encased in another thick sheath of polyvinyl chloride. This combination could have given trouble, since it is well known that solid conductor wire will fatigue harden and break when exposed to aircraft vibration. Also, polyvinyl chloride will get hard and brittle at low temperatures. However, this cable was used because prior NWC experience when riding long distances in MAC cargo aircraft had indicated that the cargo compartment would not reach extreme low temperatures. Also, this cable is extremely resistant to rough handling as can be the case during loading and unloading of palletized and unpalletized cargo.

#### **RESULTS**

The cargo temperature data were accumulated on the MAC aircraft from 18 January 1968 to 1 September 1969. During that time, five complete aircraft round trip missions were flown with 13 separata flights or legs where the cargo was either off-loaded or on-loaded at each stop. Table 1 gives a brief flight log. Each leg of the mission may have had a different type of cargo such as boxes or crates on pallets, vehicles, missile motors in shipping containers, mail, aircraft engines, 55-gallon drums containing flamables, etc. During the five round trip missions a total of 93 hours, 55 minutes of flying time was logged, resulting in cargo temperature data on three different types of MAC aircraft. The aircraft used were the C-133, a relatively slow, medium altitude Turbojet aircraft flying at about 260 knots at altitudes of 17,000 to 20,000 feet. A piston-engine-powered C-124 provided data at lower altitudes of 8,000 to 11,000 feet and 200 knots. The C-141, the newest heavy cargo aircraft in the MAC squadrons, provided cargo temperatures for jet aircraft at high altitudes of 35,000 feet or more and speeds of 450 knots.

Figures 10 through 17 give a good idea as to the thermal exposure of general cargo during air transport. Figures 10, 11, and 12 are indicative of the C-141 induced situation while Fig. 13 and 14 show the C-133 and Fig. 15, 16, and 17 the C-124 situations. The shaded areas on the figures are the material temperature-envelopes measured. Notice in Fig. 10, 11, and 12 that the cargo space is held at nominal room temperature. Discussions with Air Force personnel disclosed that the chance of pressure loss, which is related to temperature in the C-141, is extremely remote if line service can be the basis for judoment. This relationship between pressure loss and temperature is discussed later. Only in three instances in the history of the C-141 flights were pressure losses reported. In each case, the regulation emergency procedure of crew going on pressure oxygen until the pilot could get the craft down to a lower altitude was carried out. This being the case the cargo was no longer exposed to the low temperatures of the night altitudes.

Figures 13 and 14 show that for reasons of fuel economy and the flight characteristics, the C-133 does not very often attain even the high altitudes specified in the flight manuals. Notice in Fig. 14, even on an over-ocean flight, the altitude averaged only 19,000 feet.

The low, slow Air Force Reserve C-124 situation is shown in Fig. 15, 16, and 17. Notice that the flight altitude for these situations is between 9,000 and 11,000 feet. This in itself will negate extremes of cold being imposed on the carried material.

Appendix B gives a complete log of flying data hours and a breakdown of the aircraft, its mission, and time in the air during each leg of the mission.

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Aircraft	Flight S/N	Destination	Flight time	Total time
c-133	2010	McGuire to Argentia, Newfoundland Argentia to Prestwick, Scotland	4 hr 50 min 6 hr	16 hr 50 min
C-124	10092	McGuire to Goose Bay, Labrador Goose Bay to Sonderstrom, Greenland Sonderstrom to Kulusuk, Greenland	6 hr 20 min 5 hr 35 min 2 hr 45 min	14 hr 40 m'n
	21036	McGuire to Goose Bay, Labrador Goose Bay to Rein-Main, Germany Rein-Main to Prestwick, Scotland Prestwick to Azores Azores to Dover	6 hr 12 hr 10 min 5 hr 30 min 7 hr 15 min 12 hr 15 min	43 hr 10 min
C-141	8083	McGuire to Rein-Main, Germany Rein-Main to McGuire	6 hr 55 min 10 hr	16 hr 55 min
	40642	Rein-Main to McGuire	8 hr 20 min	8 hr 20 min
Total flyi	flying time			93 hr 55 min
		•		

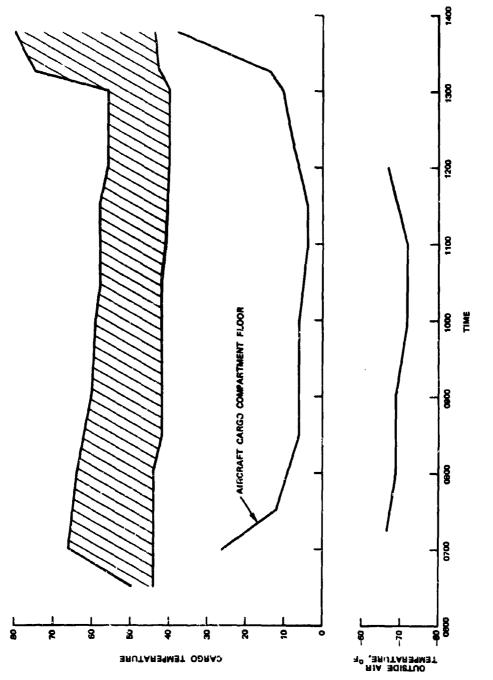


Fig 10. C-141 Flight 08083, McGuire AFB to Rein-Main, Germany (1/18/69).

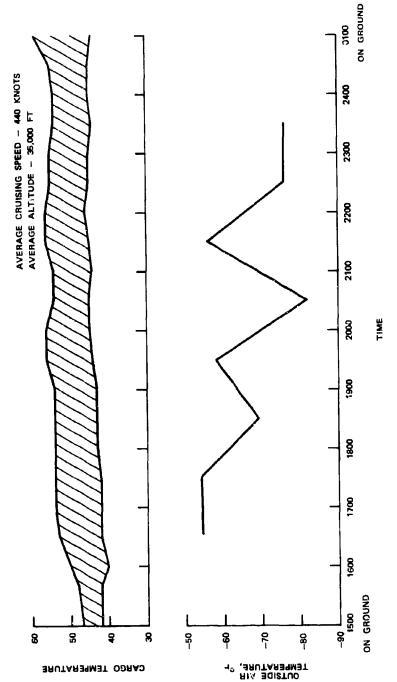
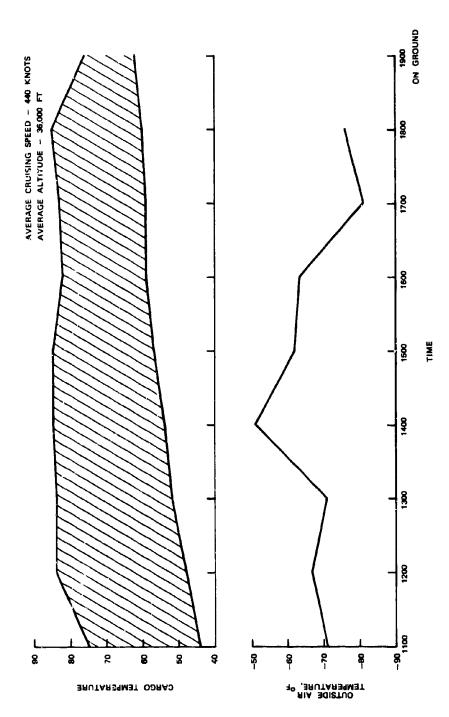
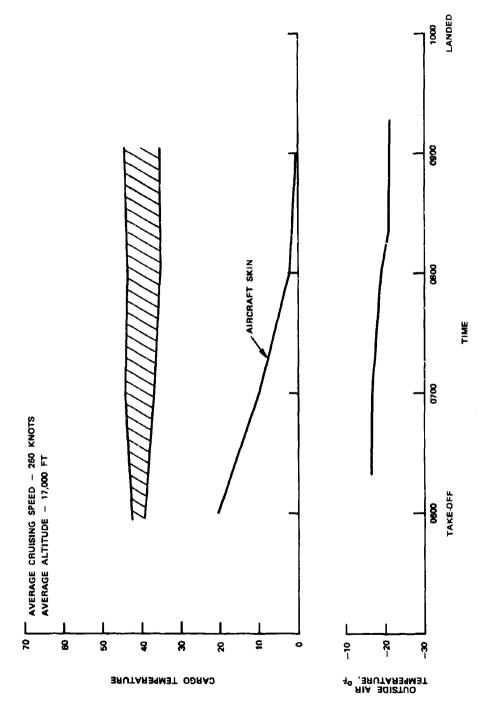


FIG. 11. C- 141 Flight 08083, Rein-Main, Germany to McSuire AFB (1/18/69).

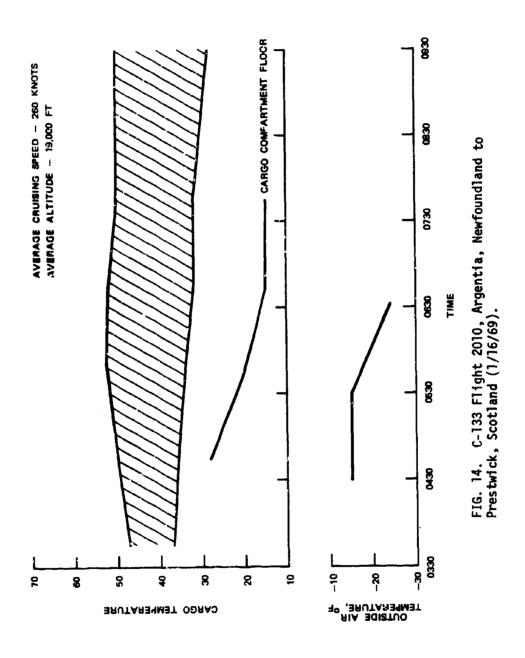


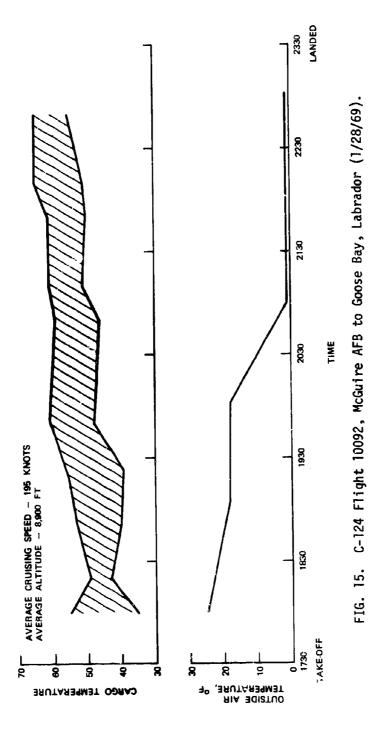
C-141 Flight 40642, Rein-Main, Germany to McGuire AFB (1/22/69). FIG. 12.

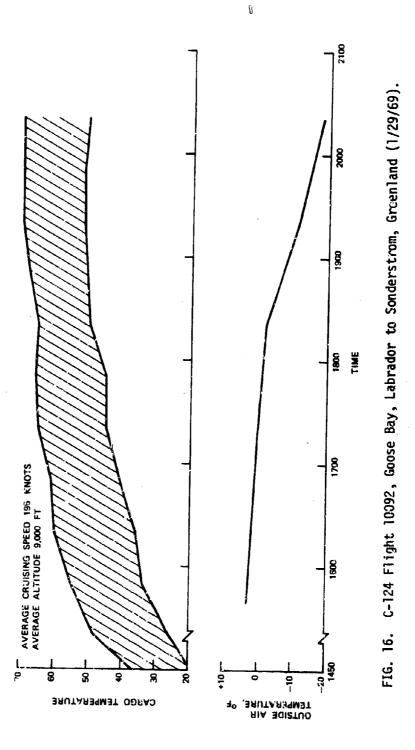


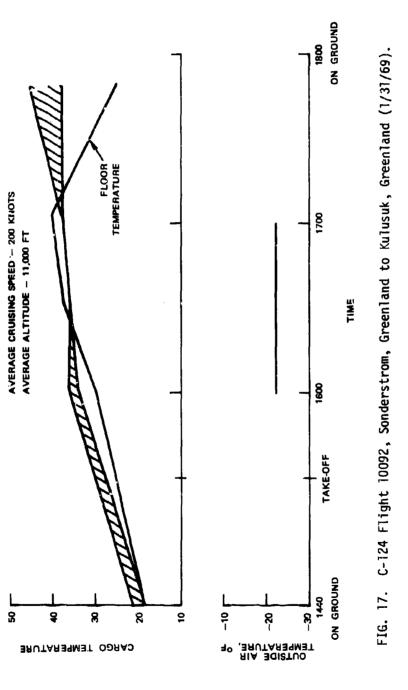
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FIG. 13. C-133 Flight 2010, McGuire AFB to Argentia, Newfoundland (1/15/69).









The C-124 flight from McGuire AFB to Greenland was interesting in that each leg of the flight had an entirely different cargo configuration. The aircraft was fully loaded to maximum weight while flying the McGuire to Goose Bay leg, and for the other extreme, the Goose Bay to Sonderstrom flight carried a minimal weight load of 5,000 pounds. The Sonderstrom to Kulusuk flight carried a volume loaded cargo of structural antenna parts. The 8,200 pounds of antenna parts were so large they could not be loaded as is normally done through the elevator so the clam shell doors in the nose were opened and the crates of antennas were manhandled on and off the aircraft. Figure 18 shows the C-124 being off-loaded at the remote landing strip in Kulusuk, Greenland.

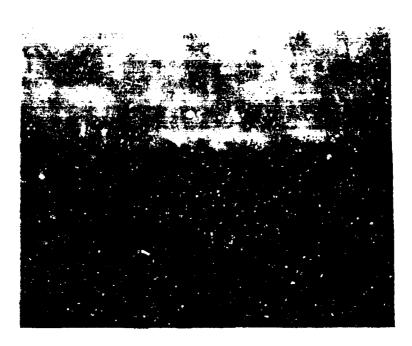


FIG. 18. C-124 Being Off-Loaded in Greenland.

The antenna parts were loaded on the C-124 one day prior to the scheduled takeoff. The aircraft remained on the flight line parking ramp exposed to sub-zero weather conditions. Twelve hours prior to the scheduled takeoff, Herman Nelson heaters were connected by means of 12-inch ducts to each engine and one placed inside the forward hatch of the aircraft. Figure 3 shows the heater hookup to the aircraft.

Arrangements were made between the NWC personnel and the aircraft Commander to shut the heater off or set the temperature control to a minimum in the cargo compartment during two of the flights. One of the flights mentioned was the C-141 S/N 08083 going from McGuire AFB to Rein-Main, Germany. One heater pack was shut off while the other was set to its lowest temperature setting. This condition was maintained for almost the entire flight.

A fact of interest and note in conjunction with extreme high altitude flight of cargos in C-141 aircraft is as follows: The aircraft has two meater-pressure packs. One is for the crew flight deck (2/3) and the cargo compartment (1/3). The other is totally for the cargo compartment. If one heater-pressure pack is lost due to malfunction, then the other is pressed into service to supply pressurization and heat to the crew flight deck and cargo compartment. However, even in this emergency situation, the cargo is still subjected to heating. If both packs are put out of commission, it is emergency procedure to abandon the high altitude situation and fly at an altitude conducive to crew comfort and breathing. Therefore, the cargo will not be subjected to the high altitude cold soak under these circumstances. The NWC personnel made arrangements with the 438 MAC Air Wing to disable one of the two packs and turn the thermostat in the cargo compartment off during a McGuire AFB to Rein-Main, Germany C-141 flight. The results are shown in Fig. 10. Notice that the cargo compartment temperature is still quite mild. On the return flight of the same aircraft that same day, the new crew was given no instructions. Notice the difference in cargo temperature for the return flight as shown in Fig. 11.

The point should be made that much inferred information can be obtained from the pilots' handbooks for the given aircraft. However, this information cannot be treated out of context and accurate cargo soak temperatures theoretically derived. Such interacting relationships as fuel comsumption to achieve altitude with a given load, crew comfort, physical relations of flight, modes of heat transfer, and other extenuating circumstances must be placed in proper context.

Also notice that the outside air temperature during the flights are in close approximation to the extreme values specified for the altitude by MIL-STD-210.

The flight with the C-133 from McGuire to Argentia, Newfoundland was also made with the heater off in the cargo compartment. It is interesting to note that even though the heater was off, the cargo temperature did not drop drastically. The inside skin of the aircraft measured on channel 7 dropped from 20 to 0°F in 3 hours. This illustrates the obvious fact that the large mass of cargo will not readily change from its ambient temperature state and drop to some value approaching the outside air temperature.

#### CONCLUSIONS

It is indicated in Fig. 10 through 17 that the minimum temperature design situation for air carried cargo is in the neighborhood of 20°F or greater. The inside aluminum skin temperature of the aircraft is indicated to be about 0°F minimum. Therefore, the design minimum temperature for air transported material should be in the range between 0 and 20°F.

It is also concluded that extenuating circumstances dictate that neither the low, slow aircraft or the high flying jet will surpass this envelope enough of the time to be engineeringly significant.

During this measurement series the lowest cargo temperature measured was 19°F even though true outside air temperatures of -82°F were recorded.

# Appendix A INDICATED VERSUS TRUE OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE

Indicated outside air temperature (OAT) is always higher than true OAT during flight because of the temperature rise associated with ram effects on the indicating system. All reference to OAT in this report is in the corrected or true OAT format. This was accomplished by using the plot of Fig. 19 which is a direct copy from the Air Force Flight Manual. This figure,  $\log Ai$ –7 of Appendix I of Air Force T.O. 1C-141A-1-1, gives the relationship of indicated OAT versus the true OAT such as would be measured by a man in a balloon with a thermometer.

DATA BASIS: PLICHT TEST

MUNE 1965 C-141A TF33-P-7

EXAMPLE:

GIVEN: TRUE MACH NO. = 0.70 INDICATED OAT READING = 54°C

FIND: TRUE OAT SOLUTION: COMPITIONS:

TEMP. RECOVERY FACTOR = 0.965

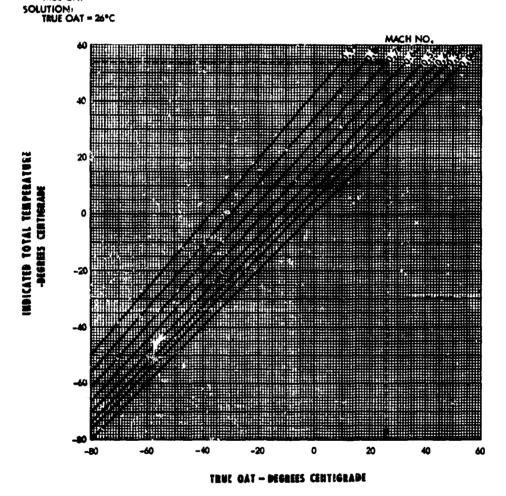


FIG. 19. Indicated Total Temperature Versus True Outside Air Temperature (OAT).

# Appendix B COMPLETE TEMPERATURE LOG OF INSTRUMENTED FLIGHTS

TABLE 2. C-141 Flight 08083, McGuire AFB to Rein-Main,

Time						Record	er cham	nels/°F				,
(GMT)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
0635					50	46		48	45	45	45	44
0700	66	52	48	50	52	46	26	50	44	44	44	44
0715	65	51	48	51	52	48	14	50	44	44	44	44
0730	65	52	48	51	52	49	12	50	44	45	45	45
0745	64	52	48	51	51	50	10	50	44	45	45	45
080υ	64	52	48	50	50	50	9	50	44	45	45	45
0815	63	51	49	50	50	50	7	50	43	45	46	46
0830	62	51	49	50	50	50	4	50	42	46	46	46
0845	61	52	50	51	51	50	6	50	42	45	46	46
0900	60	52	50	51	51	50	6	50	42	46	46	46
0915	60	52	50	51	51	51	7	50	42	45	46	46
0930	60	52	50	51	50	50	7	50	42	45	46	46
0945	59	51	50	50	50	50	6	50	43	46	47	47
1000	59	51	50	51	50	50	6	49	42	44	46	46
1030	58	50	5ü	50	49	50	5	49	42	44	46	46 46
1100	58	50	50	50	49	50	4	49	41	44	46	46
1130	58	50	49	50	48	50	4	48	41	44	46	46
1200	56	48	48	48	46	48	6	47	40	44	46	46
1235	56	48	48	48	46	48	8	47	40	44	46	46
1300*	56	49	49	50	57	48	10	52	40	43	44	44
1315	58	67	53	62	75	54	14	63	47	43	44	44
1330	66	75	54	65	80	61	38	68	56	50	44	44

NOTE: Total flight time: 6 hr 55 min.
Recorder channels 1 through 6 and 8 through 12: Palletized cargo.
Recorder channel 7: Cargo compartment floor.
\*Heaters turned on.



C-141 Flight 08083, McGuire AFB to Rein-Main, Germany (1/18/69).

Record	er chan	nels/°F					Outside	Danishian	Speed,	Altitude,
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	air temp. °F	Position	knots	ft
46		48	45	45	45	44	••		• •	Take off
46	26	50	44	44	44	44	• •	1	• •	Climbing
48	14	50	44	44	44	44	-67	4522 N 6208 W	447	33,800
49	12	50	44	45	45	45	• •		• •	• •
50	10	50	44	45	45	45	• •		• •	
50	9	50	44	45	45	45	••	4648 N 5632 W	• •	
50	7	50	43	45	46	46	• •	3032 W	• •	
50	4	50	42	46	46	46	• •		••	
50	6	50	42	45	46	46	• •		• •	• •
50	6	50	42	46	46	46	-69		435	37,000
51	7	50	42	45	46	46			• •	
50	7	50	42	45	46	46	• •		• •	• •
50	6	50	43	46	47	47	••		••	• •
50	6	49	42	44	46	46	-72	4832 N 3549 W	440	37,000
50	5	49	42	44	46	46	• •	1	• •	
50	4	49	41	44	46	46	-72	4902 N 1756 W	440	36,700
50	4	48	41	44	46	46	• •	1 ]	• •	••
48	6	47	40	44	46	46	-67	4901 N 0041 W	448	37,000
48	8	47	40	44	46	46	• •	Over Paris	• •	
<b>4</b> 8	10	52	40	43	44	44	• •			• •
54	14	63	47	43	44	44	• •		••	• •
61	38	68	56	50	44	44	• •		• •	On ground

nd 8 through 12: Palletized cargo. artment floor.

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TABLE 3. C-141 Flight 08083, Rein-Mein, Germany to McGuire AFB (1/18/69).

Height die markingstein is and see state of the second second of the second second second second in the second

Tine		Reco	Recorder channels/°F	unnels/	ĮL.		Outside		Speed.	Altitude,
(GMT)	_	2	3	4	2	9	air temp,	P0S1 110H	knots	ţţ
1500	47	45	47	42	44	45	•	:	:	:
1545	47	45	48	42	45	46	•	;	:	:
1600	84	43	20	40	44	47	•		:	:
1630	22	44	53	42	46	48	-54	5242 N 0415 F	443	:
1700	20	45	54	42	47	48	•		:	:
1730	25	46	54	42	48	48	-54	5626 R	447	35,000
1800	53	47	54	43	48	48	:		:	•
1830	54	48	54	43	48	48	69-	6038 N	447	35,000
1900	54	48	54	43	48	48	•		:	:
1930	55	20	26	44	49	25	-58	6048 N 3242 W	447	35,000
2000	99	50	99	45	49	51	:		:	:
2030	54	51	53	45	48	48	-82	5240 N 4760 W	435	35,000
2100	54	51	52	4	47	48	•		:	:
2130	26	51	54	45	48	22	-56	5525 N 5730 W	443	35,000
2200	26	52	52	46	48	22	:		:	:
2230	22	25	54	45	48	49	-76	5100 N 6432 W	444	35,000
2300	55	52	53	45	47	49	:		:	:
2330	54	52	52	44	47	84	-76	4638 N 7032 W	442	35,000
2400	54	52	53	45	47	8	:		•	:
0030	52	53	54	45	48	යි	•	•	•	:
0010	59	52	59	44	48	52	:	:	:	On ground
						†				

NOTE: Total flight time: 10 hr. Recorder channels 1 through 6: Palletized cargo.

TABLE 4. C-141 Flight 40642, Rein-Main, Germany to McGuire AFB (1/22/69).

Time		Recor	der chai	Recorder channels/°F		Outside	2017	Speed.	Altitude,
(GMT)	-	2	m	4	'n	A F CAMP.	1031507	knots	#
1035	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	Take off
1100	22	59	*	75	4	ال-	5129 N 0025 E	440	35,000
1200	20	29	9/	\$	8	-67	5200 N 0450 W	443	35,000
1300	74	89	78	84	52	-71	5300 N 1520 W	435	37,000
1400	74	70	78	85	54	-51	5300 N 2745 W	450	:
1500	74	17	80	85	57	-62	5218 N 3752 W	448	:
1600	74	72	8	82	59	-63	. 5045 N 5100 W	440	:
1700	7.1	70	79	83	59	-81	4700 N 6100 W	440	:
1800	72	69	62	85	09	-76	4315 W 6700 W	435	:
1920	70	72	78	76	62	•	:	:	On ground

NOTE: Total flight time: 8 hr 20 min. Recorder channels 1 through 5: Bullpup motor shipping containers.

TABLE 5. C-133 Flight 2010, McGuire AFB to Argentia, Newfoundland (1/15/69).

					,	•			•		
-Time		∞	Recorder channels/°F	r chan	nels/°	L.		Outside		Speed.	Altitude,
(GMT)	F-4	7	6	स	5	9	7	alr temp,	1011180A	knots	ţ. L
0510	:	:	:		:	:	:	•	:	·	Take off
0200	45	9	41	39	33	38	50	•	•	:	•
0020	43	44	43	33	37	98	10	-16	4110 N 7000 W	260	17,000
0800	42	42	43	37	8	35	2	- 18	4350 N 6605 W	790	17,000
0060	44	44	44	88	37	. 32	0	-20	4525 N 6260 W	260	17,000
0914	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	-20	4645 N 5710 W	260	17,000
1000	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	On ground

NOTE:

Total flight time: 4 hr 50 min. Recorder channels 1 through 6: Palletized cargo. Recorder channel 7: Aircraft skin in cargo compartment.

TABLE 6. C-133 Flight 2010, Argentia, Newfoundland to Prestwick, Scotland (1/16/69).

Recorder channels/°F	! ! !	! ! !	! ! !	! ! !	9	7	Outside air temp, °F	Position	Speed, knots	Altitude, ft
:		:	:		:	:	:	;	;	Take off
47 47 40 37	9		37		43	:	:	:	•	:
48 50 40 36	40	<del></del>	Ж		43	82	-15	5000 N 4800 W	360	17,000
51 52 40 34	9	<u> </u>	<u>ਲ</u>		14	8	-15	5100 N 4300 W	260	17,000
50 52 39 32	93		×		4	15	-22	:	760	19,000
49 50 37 32	37		33		\$	15	•	•	:	:
48 50 37 28	37		28		38	•	•	•	•	Gn ground

NOTE: Total flight time: 6 hr. Recorder channels 1 through 6: Palletized cargo. Recorder channel 7: Aircraft skin in cargo compartment.

			TABLE	LE 7.		124 F	light	S/N 2	1036,	C-124 Flight S/N 21036, McGuire AFB	ire A		Goose Bay, L	to Goose Bay, Labrador (1/25/69)	.(69)	
Time					Reco	der	Recorder channels/°F	ls/°F					Outside	Docition	Speed,	Altitude,
(CMT)	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	2	Ξ	12	ر الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	1000	knots	#
0029	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Take off
0100	45	40	40	04	43	5	53	52	:	22	#	42	:		:	:
0115	48	42	42	41	46	42	99	99	:	26	20	22	:	•	:	•
0130	20	44	42	42	49	42	89	19	:	8	54	9	:		:	:
0200	55	45	43	43	20	48	2	64	:	64	8	62	+18	M 00LZ	237	000*6
0215	54	46	\$	44	52	44	74	-99	28	99	09	64	;	•	:	:
0245	99	49	46	47	54	46	77	70	72	5	64	99	•	•	:	•
0300	58	20	9;	48	54	47	78	2	62	20	64	89	•		:	:
0315	28	20	46	48	54	47	78	71	63	7	99	69	+18	4542 N 6841 W	243	000,6
0330	59	25	47	20	54	48	75	72	64	72	99	2	•		:	:
0345	09	53	48	20	54	48	8	73	64	73	68	71	•	•	:	•
0400	62	54	49	52	55	22	8	74	99	72	2	73	+18	•	245	9,130
0415	63	55	20	54	26	20	18	75	99	74	29	74	:		:	:
0430	64	<b>2</b> 6	20	55	26	53	83	9/	99	75	7	74	:	•	:	:
0445	64	99	20	26	26	ξ, ζ,	8	92	67	1,6	1	74	•	•	:	
0200	64	25	51	26	99	52	82	76	19	9/	72	75	•	•	:	:
0515	99	28	52	99	26	25	82	76	89	9/	72	9/		•	:	;
0230	99	58	52	28	57	53	83	78	89	11	73	9/	•	•	:	:
0545	89	59	55	28	28	55	25	8	7	8	74	8	•	:	:	:
0090	69	61	54	99	60	26	82	77	69	79	74	77	:	:	:	On ground

NOTE:

Total flight time: 6 hr. Recorder channels 1 through 12: Placed in various locations in cargo compartment.

TABLE 8. C-124 Flight S/N 21036, Goose Bay, Labrador to Rein-Main, Germany (1,27/69 - 1/28/69).

	Altitude, ft		:	Climbinç	:	:	:	9,100	:	:	:	:	9,140	:	:	:	:	9,140	:	:	:	9,140	:	:	:	:	9,150	:	:	
	Speed, knots		:	:	:	:	:	235	•	:	:	:	230	:	;	:	:	232	:	:	:	210	:	:	:	•	200	:	;	
	Position		:	•	•	:		5550 W	•	•	:		5415 W 4800 N	•	•	:		2500 W	:	:		5430 N	:	•	;		5350 W	•	:	-
KELIN-MATIN, USTATION (1,27/09 - 1/20/07).	Outside air temp, °F		:	:	:	:	:	+23	•		:	•	+24	:	:	:	:	+23	:	:	:	+16	:	:	•	:	+10	:	:	
		12	44	89	2	78	82	<b>'</b> &	98	68	98	85	82	82	85	88	84	82	82	85	84	85	82	88	98	82	82	98	88	88
		11	44	89	69	78	8	8	83	98	83	82	85	82	88	8	88	84	83	83	85	82	83	ខ	8	84	84	84	\$	荔
		2	44	2	19	8	98	86	87	68	88	88	84	85	84	84	\$	82	82	\$	84	84	84	88	22	88	85	8	98	8
		5	44	99	88	78	88	85	83	85	84	잃	88	88	82	82	85	88	82	88	82	82	82	83	83	\$	<b>8</b>	84	83	84
	Recorder channels/°F	æ	44	9	7.	79	82	98	87	87	37	24	83	8	84	22	84	84	84	84	84	83	82	8	98	98	98	98	98	85
		7	44	:	:	18	88	88	87	88	88	85	85	98	85	82	82	85	84	82	84	83	84	82	28	82	88	85	82	æ
		9	44	55	29	64	22	69	20	71	72	72	71	72	20	וו	1	70	72	71	70	69	70	70	7	7	7	70	70	2
		32	44	20	26	29	64	64	64	99	20	29	29	89	89	89	89	89	89	02	70	72	69	89	89	89	89	89	۲	1
		4	44	57	64	79	16	78	78	80	82	8	81	82	8	82	82	82	82	82	81	80	82	85	85	83	83	85	8	8
		e	44	52	58	63	69	20	72	73	74	75	74	75	9/	76	76	75	9/	76	26	9/	78	77	77	78	78	11	77	11.
		2	44	48	25	52	54	55	99	58	59	09	9	62	62	63	64	64	64	9	64	64	89	67	89	70	20	20	70	70
		_	44	20	54	58	64	64	9	89	2	72	۲	72	72	72	73	72	73	74	73	73	77	77	77	78	78	11	9/	75
	Time	(GMT)	2035	2100	2115	2130	2145	2200	2215	2230	2245	2300	2315	2330	2345	2400	0015	0030	0045	0100	0115	0130	6145	0200	0215	0530	0245	0300	0315	0330



-																																			
Marian Caralla	9,140	:	•	•	9,140	:	•	;	•	9,150	•	•	•	•	9,140	•	•	•	9,150	•	:	:	:	,	:	;	:	;	;	:	;	•	:	On ground	
•	232	:	:	:	210	:	:	:	:	200	:	:	:	:	210	:	:	:	500	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	•	
,	4000 W 5500 N	:	:		3400 W 5430 N	•	:	:		2600 W	•	:	•	•	1930 W	•	:	:	;	:	;	:	:	:	;	:	:	•	:	:	•	•	•	Rein-Main	
•	+23	:	:	:	91+	:	:	:	:	+10	:	:	:	:	+14	;	:	:	<b>φ</b>	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
5	82	82	82	84	82	82	88	98	82	35	98	88	98	87	98	85	85	82	88	82	82	98	98	98	82	82	98	82	85	88	84	88	8	98	
8	84	83	83	82	83	83	83	83	84	84	84	28	84	84	83	82	83	82	83	83	83	84	84	84	88	83	83	85	84	83	83	83	83	98	
5	82	82	84	84	\$	84	88	84	82	82	82	98	98	98	82	84	82	82	88	84	85	85	85	98	98	84	84	84	248	8	85	82	82	85	
70	8	85	8	85	85	82	83	83	\$	84	84	83	84	8	83	8	83	8	83	85	85	8	8	83	85	83	85	85	83	83	83	8	83	80	
5	84	84	84	8	83	82	82	8	8	98	8	98	82	8	84	84	84	82	28	8	34	<u>*</u>	84	82	84	84	84	82	84	84	84	84	83	78	
B	82	8	82	84	83	8	82	8	88	8	82	82	8	98	\$	84	\$	82	8	8	84	8	<b>%</b>	82	84	84	84	82	82	84	84	82	84	94	1
=	20	72	17	2	69	70	20	71	7	<u>ا</u>	20	70	2	7	2	73	2	2	70	69	69	70	70	20	20	2	70	70	71	20	71	72	17	82	2
90	- 68	89	02	2	72	69	68	68	68	99	68	7	71	70	89	7	2	70	1	73	74	73	73	69	- 68	89	89		69	69	89	70	2	77	
79	85	82	85	8	8	85	85	85	83	83	85	8	8	8	78	78	78	79	79	78	78	78	78	79	78	78	73	78	78	78	78	78	78	75	4
2	75	9/	76	9/	9/	78	77	11	78	78	77	77	11	78	78	92	9/	76	77	77	76	71	77	78	78	11	77	11	77	92	9/	92	9/	75	
5	64	64	65	64	64	99	67	89	2	20	20	20	70	72	1	7	7	7	72	72	71	72	72	72	72	73	72	72	72	72	72	74	74	72	-
5	72	73	74	73	73	77	17	77	78	78	77	9/	75	75	74	74	73	73	9/	74	73	74	74	74	74	74	73	72	73	72	72	74	74	72	j
000	0030	0045	0100	0115	0130	0145	0200	0215	0230	0245	0300	0315	0330	0345	0400	0415	0430	0445	0200	0515	0530	0545	0090	0615	0630	0645	0200	0715	0730	0745	0800	0815	0830	0845	

NOTE: Total flight time: 12 hr 10 min. Recorder channels 1 through 12: Placed in various locations in cargo compartment.

TABLE 9. C-?24 Flight S/N 21036, Rein-Main, Germany to Prestwick, Scotland (1/30/69).

1. He					Recor	derc	Recorder channels/°F	1s/°F					Outside		Sneed	Altitude.
(GMT)		6.1	6	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	=	12	air temp,	Position	knots	ţ
0090	45	<b>£</b>	42	46	22	47	43	43	47	52	20	20	;	:	:	On ground
0200	20	4.	48	25	99	25	84	61	26	19	28	29	:	:	•	:
0715	52	43	20	54	89	54	49	64	28	64	6	19	.:	•	:	;
0730	53	42	51	54	68	55	32	99	60	99	63	54	:	•	;	:
0745	55	42	53	26	2	57	52	89	63	2	99	99	:	:	:	;
0080	26	43	54	58	74	58	54	2	65	7	68	89	:	:	:	:
0815	28	45	57	ပ္ပ	11	19	21	74	89	74	2	71	:	•	:	:
0830	55	45	22	9	78	61	57	74	89	74	20	7	:	•	:	:
0845	10	48	09	63	8	63	22	9/	7	78	74	7,4	•	•	:	:
0060	63	20	63	64	65	99	52	2	99	74	69	7	:	•	•	:
0815	64	50	64	64	9/	64	63	63	2	74	73	73	:	:	•	:
0830	64	51	64	65	8	99	64	8	79	18	78	78	:	:	:	:
0945	65	52	99	99	73	89	99	78	74	62	76	76		:	:	:
100C	99	53	29	19	75	89	99	78	74	8	77	77	:	:	:	:
1015	64	48	62	63	74	63	9	99	71	9/	74	73	:	:	:	:
1030	62	49	64	64	67	65	64	2	71	9/	74	72	:	:	;	:
1045	62	48	64	64	72	64	64	73	72	76	75	74	:	•	:	:
1100	62	46	64	64	72	64	9	74	73	78	9/	75	:	:	:	:
11115	64	48	65	99	89	89	99	72	74	75	20	72	:	:	:	:
1136	69	99	9	99	82	99	99	92	65	99	99	89	:	error de comin	:	On ground

Total flight time: 5 hr 30 min. Recorder channels 1 through 12: Placed in various locations in cargo compartment. NOTE:

TABLE 10. C-124 Flight S/N 21036, Prestwick, :

Time		<del></del>	<del></del>				er chan			-3 CWI CK;
(GMT)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1450	46	48	44	47	54	51	64	·	55	53
1515	44	51	46	50	57	54	50		57	57
1530	44	53	46	52	59	56	51	66	61	62
1545	44	54	46	53	60	57	52	67	64	65
1600	44	55	47	54	61	58	53	70	67	67
1615	44	56	48	55	61	59	53	70	69	69
1630	45	56	48	56	62	60	54	72	79	70
1645	46	59	49	58	64	64	56	74	74	73
1700	47	60	50	58	64	64	58	75	75	75
1715	48	61	51	67	64	63	58	74	76	76
1730	48	61	52	64	64	63	59	74	76	76
1745	50	61	52	64	64	62	59	72	75	74
1800	49	60	52	64	64	62	59	70	74	73
1815	50	60	53	63	64	62	58	70	73	72
1830	50	60	54	60	64	62	58	67	74	73
1845	51	59	54	62	62	<b>6</b> 0	58	68	72	70
1900	50	60	54	62	66	60	60	73	74	72
1915	52	62	54	78	92	64	68	102	86	82
1930	56	65	54	62	78	63	64	75	87	83
1945	56	67	54	77	98	64	<b>7</b> 0	107	94	88
2000	€0	72	56	66	86	67	70	82	96	92
2015	56	70	56	74	82	68	68	84	92	89
2030	56	71	57	75	81	69	68	85	90	88
2045	56	71	58	72	80	70	69	83	88	86
2100	56	70	58	72	87	69	69	92	89	86
2115	57	72	58	74	96	68	72	106	94	90
21 30	58	72	60	69	82	70	68	82	91	88
2205	59	72	61	78	83	79	91	90	84	92

NOTE: Total flight time: 7 hr 15 min.
Recorder channels 1 through 12: Placed in various locations in ca

0. C-124 Flight S/N 21036, Prestwick, Scotland to Azores (1/30/69).

	Kecorde	r chani	nels/°F	······································				Qutside	ь	Speed,	Altitude,
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	air t <b>e</b> mp. °F	Position	knots	ft
4	51	64		55	53	58	56			• •	• •
7	54	50		57	57	62	61	••		• •	••
9	56	51	66	61	62	66	66	••		••	••
0	57	52	67	64	65	69	70	• •	• •	• •	••
1	58	53	70	67	67	72	72	+23	••	170	8,100
1	59	53	70	69	69	74	75	••	••		
2	60	54	72	70	70	75	76	• •		• •	• •
4	64	56	74	74	73	79	80		• •		
4	64	58	75	75	75	80	81				
i4	63	58	74	76	76	80	82		• •		
14	63 +	59	74	76	76	80	81			• •	
4	62	59	72	75	74	79	80		••	• •	
<b>i</b> 4	62	59	70	74	73	77	78	•••		• •	
14	. 62	58	70	73	72	76	77			• •	
14	62	58	67	74	73	76	76	• •	••	• •	••
12	60	58	68	72	<b>7</b> 0	75	76		• •	• •	
i6	60	60	73	74	72	79	90	+27	• •	195	8,100
12	64	68	102	86	82	93	106			• •	
18	63	64	75	87	83	92	98			• •	
18	64	. 70	107	94	88	100	119			• •	
6	67	70	82	96	92	100	97			• •	••
12	68	68	84	92	89	96	92			• •	
31	69	68	85	90	88	95	92			• •	••
90	70	69	83	88	86	92	90		••	• •	
37	69	69	92	89	86	94	102				
6	68	72	106	94	90	100	108	••		• •	
32	70	68	82	91	88	96	91				
33	79	91	90	84	92	106	98	• •		• •	End fligh

<sup>15</sup> min. 1h 12: Placed in various locations in cargo compartment.

A

On ground Start en-gines Airborne 8,100 8,100 8,100 1,100 Speed, knots .: :: 212 Azores to Dover, Delaware (2/1/69) osition Lajes 4330 Outside air temp, °F +23 .: .. 67 64 64 64 64 65 65 65 65 65 66 67 67 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 66 TABLE 11. C-124 Flight S/N 21036. 8 8 63 70 71 71 72 69 69 69 73 73 73 73 73 74 75 75 75 Recorder channels/°F œ 75 60 60 62 62 63 63 65 66 66 66 66 66 68 68 68 68 69 70 60 60 62 62 64 64 64 65 66 67 67 68 69 68 69 68 59 (L) 61 62 63 64 64 64 66 66 68 68 68 69 69 70 70 70 59 59 60 61 62 63 63 63 58 60 60 62 62 63 64 64 64 64 64 65 62 63 64 68 68 68 68 68 70 71 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 60 61 62 63 82 8 58 64 65 66 67 68 68 67 Time (GMT) 

1																																		1
	÷	:	:	8,100	:	:	:	8,100	:	:	:	8,000	:	:	:	8,000	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	8,000	:	:	:	8,000	:	:	;	:	:	
	:	:	:	500	:	:	:	196	:	:	:	38	;	:	:	176	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	180	:	:	:	190	:		•	:	:	i.
	:	•		4250 N 4330 N				4300 N		:		5300 N		:		4300 N 5600 N		:	:	:	:	:		4210 N		:		4117 N A010 V		•	:	:	:	Placed in various locations in cargo compartment.
	:	:	•	+25	;	•	:	+26	:	•	•	+25	•	:	•	+25	•	:	•	:	:	:	:	+23	•	:	•	+25	•	•	•	:	:	itions in car
	に	20	8	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	73	72	73	73	72	73	74	74	74	74	74	75	75	92	75	75	75	9/	75	9/	9/	75	92	o loca
	29	8	₹	- 89	89	89	89	89	19	19	89	29	89	89	29	89	89	78	89	89	69	89	69	22	89	69	69	20	69	20	8	69	2	arious
	26	9/	77	78	78	11	78	11	76	76	77	77	77	11	11	78	78	78	78	78	79	78	79	8	77	78	73	78	78	73	8	79	73	Ë
	74	73	75	75	76	7.	76	75	74	74	75	75	75	75	75	76	76	9/	11	9/	77	71	78	79	76	11	77	77	78	78	78	78	78	laced
Ī	78	11	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	11	78	78	78	78	78	79	79	79	62	79	8	78	79	8	78	78	79	79	78	8	80	8	8	min. 2: P
-	88	89	89	69	69	2	5	2	69	69	2	69	69	2	89	2	20	70	20	70	71	7	72	73	7	72	72	74	74	74	75	74	74	12 hr 15 min. through 12: P
	99	19	89	69	89	69	89	69	89	69	2	69	68	20	89	2	20	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	22	22	20	2	2	71	11	7	20	12 h thro
B	69	69	2	7	22	2	2	2	20	69	69	20	70	2	89	2	70	71	72	72	72	71	72	73	71	71	7.i	72	71	L	Ľ	۲	71	time: nels ]
8	64	64	64	65	65	65	65	65	64	64	65	64	64	65	64	65	92	99	64	99	99	99	29	89	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	Total flight 1 Recorder chann
6	64	63	64	64	64	64	63	62	62	62	63	95	62	62	9	19	19	09	09	09	19	61	61	29	99	51	6	19	[9	62	63	62	99	rder
F	26	76	11	11	11	76	76	76	76	76	22	9/	9/	11	76	78	78	78	79	78	78	78	78	8	77	11	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	Tota
B	99	67	89	89	89	29	29	29	29	29	89	89	89	89	29	89	98	69	70	99	89	69	89	8	89	89	89	89	69	69	69	69	69	NOTE:
co occi	1545	1600	1615	1630	1645	1700	1715	1730	1745	1800	1815	1830	1845	1900	1915	1930	1945	2000	2015	2030	2045	2100	2115	2130	2145	2200	2215	2230	2245	2300	2315	2330	2345	39

TABLE 12. C-124 Flight 10092, McGuire AFB to Goose Bay, Labrador (1/28/69).

5 6 air temp, Position Apred, Position Anots			Recor	der cha	Recorder channels, P	L		Outside		Poor	01+i+i4
1         2         3         4         5         6         °F           35         55         35         35         50         40 <td>CMT)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>air temp,</td> <td>Position</td> <td>speed,</td> <td>Altitude,</td>	CMT)					-		air temp,	Position	speed,	Altitude,
35         35         35         35         40            150           43         45         44         48         43         25         4055 N         195           40         53         40         40         50         45              41         40         45         55         49         18         4362 N         195           48         61         46         45         55         49         18         4362 N         195           48         61         48         55         51               49         60         48         56         54         18         6830 M         195           50         60         48         56         53               51         61         52         50         60         50         2             50         65         55         65         64         3             51         65         55         64		_	~	ო	4	22	9	Э́Б		300	<b>s</b>
35         55         35         35         50         40           150           43         49         45         44         48         43         25         7219 W         195           40         53         40         40         50         45              41         40         45         55         49         18         4362 N         195           48         61         45         55         51               49         60         47         47         56         54         18         6830 M         195           46         59         50         48         56         53               51         61         52         50         60         50         2               50         61         50         50         49         3              52         65         52         61         51	1730	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	•	•	Take off
43         49         45         43         25         4055 N         195           40         53         40         40         50         45              41         40         45         55         49         18         4362 N         195           48         61         48         55         51              49         60         47         47         56         54         18         4515 N         195           46         59         60         47         47         56         53               51         61         52         50         60         50         2           190           50         61         54         50         60         50         2              55         65         55         61         51               55         65         56         67         57	1750	35	55	35	<u>بج</u>	20	9	•	:	150	:
40         53         40         40         50         45         55         49         18         4362 N 4362 N 4         195           48         61         48         55         51              49         60         47         47         56         54         18         4515 N 6830 M         195           46         59         60         48         56         53              51         61         52         50         60         50         2          190           50         61         54         50         60         50         2              50         61         52         61         51          2510 N         195           55         65         55         64         55         6315 M         195           57                 58         65         56         64         55         6315 M         195           7.	1815	43	49	45	44	48	43	25		195	:
41         40         45         45         55         49         18         4362 N 7037 W 4         195           48         61         48         55         51              49         60         47         47         56         54         18         4515 N 6830 W         195           46         59         50         48         56         53           195           51         61         52         50         60         50         2          190           50         61         54         50         69         49         3          190           55         65         55         61         51          5210 N 6315 W         195           55         65         58         55         64         55         2         5220 N 6315 W         195           7.         7.         7.         7.         7.         7.         7.	1845	40	53	<b>\$</b>	₽	20	45	•	:	:	:
48         61         48         48         55         51	1915	41	40	45	45	55	49	18		195	000*6
49         60         47         47         56         54         18         4515 N 6830 M         195           46         59         50         48         56         53              51         61         52         50         60         50         2          190           50         61         54         50         69         49         3          190           55         65         55         52         61         51          6315 W         195           55         65         58         55         64         55         2         6315 W         195	1945	48	19	48	84	55	21	:	:	:	:
46         59         50         48         56         53                 190           51         61         52         50         60         50         2          190           50         61         54         50         59         49         3             55         65         55         61         51          5220 N         195           55         65         58         55         64         55         2         6315 W         195	2015	49	09	47	47	92	54	81		195	8,900
51         61         52         50         60         50         2          190           50         61         54         50         69         49         3          190           55         65         55         61         51          5210 N         195           55         65         58         55         64         55         2         6315 W         195	2045	46	59	20	48	56	53	:	:	:	:
50         61         54         50         49         3          5210 N         195           55         65         55         52         61         51          6315 W         195           55         65         58         55         64         55         2         5220 N         195	2115	51	19	55	20	99	20	2	•	190	000,6
55 65 55 52 61 51 5210 N 195 55 65 58 55 64 55 2 520 N 195 	2145	20	19	54	20	59	49	m	:	:	;
55 65 58 55 64 55 2 5220 N 195	2215	55	65	55	52	61	12	:		195	000,6
	2245	55	65	58	55	64	25	2		195	003*8
	2350	:	:		:	:	:	•	:	·	On ground

NOTE: Total flight time: 6 hr 20 min. Recorder channels 1 th.ough 6: Palletized cargo.

TABLE 13. C-124 Flight 10092, Goose Bay, Labrador to Sonderstrom, Greenland (1/29/69).

Time		Recor	der cha	Recorder channels/°F	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		Outside	00:1:00	Speed,	Altitude,
(CMT)		2	3	4	2	9	ر الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	1031507	knots	<del>+</del>
1450	19	25	21	35	19	37			:	Take off
1520	56	38	æ	38	33	84	:	•	:	•
1550	36	40	39	20	딿	55	ო	5510 N 6010 W	195	:
1620	9	46	45	54	38	09	٠	•	:	:
1650	45	6.5	47	58	4	19	•	:	:	:
1,720	20	20	20	09	45	65	C	5880 W 5880 W	197	000,6
1750	54	55	23	62	45	99	:	:	•	:
1820	55	55	55	63	20	05	-2	6140 N 5630 W	197	000°6
1850	55	55	55	63	51	69	•	:	:	:
1920	54	55	54	55	52	2	ור-	6500 N 5505 W	191	900,6
1950	9	55	28	65	52	2	81-	:	•	:
2015	19	99	58	65	51	70	:	•	190	:
2025	:	;	:	:	:	:	•	•	•	On ground

NOTE: Total flight time: 5 hr 35 min. Recorder channels 1 through 6: Palletized cargo.

C-124 Flight 10092, Sonderstrom, Greenland to Kulusuk, Greenland (1/31/69). TABLE 14.

Time	Re	corder ch	Recorder channels/°F		Outside	Docition	Speed,	Altitude,
(GMT)	1	2	က	4	مان دونان،	1.001	knots	£
1440	21	19	25	19	:	:	•	On ground
1510	•	•	:	:	:	:		Take off
1600	33	35	೫	98	-22	:	200	:
1630	35	35	36	36	-22	:	500	11,000
1700	36	36	39	\$	-22	:	195	11,000
1755	44	36	24	40	•	·	•	On ground

NOTE: Aircraft loaded 24 hours before takeoff and remained outside on flight line in -2C°F weather. Heater was placed in forward hatch 12 hours prior to takeoff.

Recorder channels 1 and 2: Skin measurements of structural antenna parts.

Recorder channel 3: Compartment floor temperature.

Recorder channel 4: Compartment air temperature.

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H. C. Schafer and R. A. Dickus			
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Temperature Profiles of Air Transported Material, by H. C. Schafer and R. A. Dickus. China Lake, Calif., NWC, October 1970. 48 pp. (NWC TP 4828, publication UNCLASSIFIED.)

Winter flights of MAC aircraft were instrumented to determine the temperatures and temperature profiles to be expected in material during air transport. Flights in 21st Air Force C-141, C-124, and C-133 aircraft from the United States to Greenland and Europe during January are reported herein.

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